THE BARE BONES OF BIO-CREMATION

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BIO-CREMATION

- The idea came from Scotland by a biochemist Sandy Sullivan. Sullivan designed a machine that dissolves the body without using fire.
- Instead, the body is placed inside of a machine and then immersed in a combination of water and potassium hydroxide (95 percent water and 5 percent potassium hydroxide). The combination, when heated, dissolves the body. It’s a chemical reduction of body to ash.
- The liquid remnants are disposed of in the sewer system. The solid remnants—alternately described as “dust” or “ash”.
The BIO Cremation™ Cycle

1. Load
2. Preparation
3. Fill
4. Heat Up and Cycle
5. Cool Down
6. Drain
7. Rinse
8. Bone Removal & Drying

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Scottish law does not yet allow for bio-cremation, but Florida does.

- 8 states it’s legalized: Florida, Colorado, Illinois, Kansas, Minnesota, Oregon, Maine and Maryland.
- 15 other states are currently considering Bio Cremation.
- Medical Implants are Completely Unharmed and Can Be Recycled.
PRESENTERS

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